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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023
or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number: **001-39048**

AvePoint, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

83-4461709

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

525 Washington Blvd, Suite 1400

Jersey City, NJ 07310

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(201) 793-1111

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report).

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	AVPT	The Nasdaq Global Select Market
Warrants, each whole warrant exercisable for one share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share	AVPTW	The Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of November 9, 2023, there were 183,661,782 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, issued and outstanding.

AVEPOINT, INC.
FORM 10-Q
For the Fiscal Quarter Ended September 30, 2023
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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this “*Quarterly Report*”) includes estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives, and expected operating results that may constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “*Securities Act*”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “*Exchange Act*”). Forward-looking statements, as well as descriptions of the risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results and events to differ materially, may appear throughout this Quarterly Report, including in the following sections: “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” (Part I, Item 2 of this Quarterly Report), “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk” (Part I, Item 3 of this Quarterly Report), and “Risk Factors” (Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report).

These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words “believe,” “project,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “intend,” “strategy,” “future,” “opportunity,” “plan,” “may,” “should,” “will,” “would,” “will be,” “will continue,” “will likely result,” and similar expressions. However, the absence of these words or similar expressions does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. All statements that address operating performance, events, or developments that we expect or anticipate will occur in the future — including statements relating to volume growth, sales, earnings, and statements expressing general views about future operating results — are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are, by their nature, subject to significant risks and uncertainties, and are based on the beliefs of, as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to, our management. Our management believes that these forward-looking statements are reasonable as and when made. However, caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements because such statements speak only as of the date when made. Readers should evaluate all forward-looking statements made in the context of these risks and uncertainties. The important factors referenced above may not contain all of the factors that are important to investors.

These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements about:

- our future operating or financial results;
- future acquisitions, business strategy and expected capital spending;
- changes in our strategy, future operations, financial position, estimated revenues and losses, projected costs, prospects and plans;
- the implementation, market acceptance and success of our business model and growth strategy;
- expectations and forecasts with respect to the size and growth of the cloud industry and digital transformation in general and Microsoft’s products and services in particular;
- the ability of our products and services to meet customers’ compliance and regulatory needs;
- our ability to compete with others in the digital transformation industry;
- our ability to grow our market share;
- our ability to attract and retain qualified employees and management;
- our ability to adapt to changes in consumer preferences, perception and spending habits and develop and expand our product offerings and gain market acceptance of our products, including in new geographies;
- developments and projections relating to our competitors and industry;
- our ability to develop and maintain our brand and reputation;
- unforeseen business disruptions or other impacts due to political instability, civil disobedience, terrorism, armed hostilities (including the ongoing hostilities between Russia and Ukraine), extreme weather conditions, natural disasters, other pandemics or other calamities;
- our expectations regarding our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection and not infringe on the rights of others;
- expectations regarding the time during which we will be an emerging growth company under the JOBS Act;
- our future capital requirements and sources and uses of cash;
- our ability to obtain funding for our operations and future growth;
- the effects of inflation; and
- the effects of foreign currency exchange.

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The foregoing list of risks is not exhaustive. Other sections of this Quarterly Report may include additional factors that could harm our business and financial performance. Moreover, we operate in an evolving environment. New risk factors and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all risk factors and uncertainties. As a result of these factors, we cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report will prove to be accurate. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise, except as required by law.

Because forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified and some of which are beyond our control, you should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Although we believe that we have a reasonable basis for each forward-looking statement contained in this Quarterly Report, the events and circumstances reflected in our forward-looking statements may not be achieved or occur and actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. You should refer to the “Risk Factors” section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, and the “Risk Factors” section of this Quarterly Report for a discussion of important factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements.

You should read this Quarterly Report and the documents that we reference in this Quarterly Report and have filed as exhibits to the Quarterly Report, completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements.

Unless the context otherwise indicates, references in this report to the terms “*AvePoint*”, the “*Company*”, “*we*”, “*our*” and “*us*” refer to AvePoint, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

In addition, statements that “we believe” and similar statements reflect our beliefs and opinions on the relevant subject. These statements are based upon information available to us as of the date of this Quarterly Report and while we believe such information forms a reasonable basis for such statements, such information may be limited or incomplete, and such statements should not be read to indicate that we have conducted an exhaustive inquiry into, or review of, all potentially available relevant information. These statements are inherently uncertain, and investors are cautioned not to unduly rely upon these statements.

PART I
Item 1

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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AvePoint, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(In thousands, except par value)
(Unaudited)

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 205,786	\$ 227,188
Short-term investments	3,478	2,620
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,176 and \$725 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively	69,329	66,474
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	8,276	10,013
Total current assets	286,869	306,295
Property and equipment, net	4,983	5,537
Goodwill	18,595	18,904
Intangible assets, net	10,427	11,079
Operating lease right-of-use assets	14,547	15,855
Deferred contract costs	50,232	48,553
Other assets	12,558	9,310
Total assets	<u>\$ 398,211</u>	<u>\$ 415,533</u>
Liabilities, mezzanine equity, and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,855	\$ 1,519
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	44,538	47,784
Current portion of deferred revenue	102,433	93,405
Total current liabilities	148,826	142,708
Long-term operating lease liabilities	9,982	11,348
Long-term portion of deferred revenue	6,296	8,085
Earn-out shares liabilities	13,822	6,631
Other non-current liabilities	5,183	3,607
Total liabilities	184,109	172,379
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Mezzanine equity		
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	13,991	14,007
Total mezzanine equity	13,991	14,007
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized, 183,996 and 185,278 shares issued and outstanding	18	19
Additional paid-in capital	659,892	665,715
Treasury stock	—	(21,666)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,307	2,006
Accumulated deficit	(462,106)	(416,927)
Total stockholders' equity	200,111	229,147
Total liabilities, mezzanine equity, and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 398,211</u>	<u>\$ 415,533</u>

See accompanying notes.

AvePoint, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(In thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue:				
SaaS	\$ 41,910	\$ 29,959	\$ 115,701	\$ 84,131
Term license and support	16,293	18,288	40,474	42,501
Services	11,194	10,458	31,007	29,231
Maintenance	3,363	4,034	10,019	12,868
Total revenue	<u>72,760</u>	<u>62,739</u>	<u>197,201</u>	<u>168,731</u>
Cost of revenue:				
SaaS	9,561	7,164	26,586	18,934
Term license and support	484	524	1,441	1,600
Services	9,922	9,218	29,231	26,204
Maintenance	189	192	584	748
Total cost of revenue	<u>20,156</u>	<u>17,098</u>	<u>57,842</u>	<u>47,486</u>
Gross profit	<u>52,604</u>	<u>45,641</u>	<u>139,359</u>	<u>121,245</u>
Operating expenses:				
Sales and marketing	28,436	27,425	82,978	82,002
General and administrative	15,838	16,429	45,679	48,411
Research and development	8,643	9,214	26,931	23,850
Total operating expenses	<u>52,917</u>	<u>53,068</u>	<u>155,588</u>	<u>154,263</u>
Loss from operations	<u>(313)</u>	<u>(7,427)</u>	<u>(16,229)</u>	<u>(33,018)</u>
(Loss) gain on earn-out and warrant liabilities	(2,785)	913	(6,921)	6,848
Interest income, net	232	16	843	50
Other income (expense), net	1,477	48	4,502	(822)
Loss before income taxes	<u>(1,389)</u>	<u>(6,450)</u>	<u>(17,805)</u>	<u>(26,942)</u>
Income tax expense	2,841	336	8,132	99
Net loss	<u>\$ (4,230)</u>	<u>\$ (6,786)</u>	<u>\$ (25,937)</u>	<u>\$ (27,041)</u>
Net loss (income) attributable to and accretion of redeemable noncontrolling interest	18	(626)	(57)	(1,870)
Net loss attributable to AvePoint, Inc.	<u>\$ (4,212)</u>	<u>\$ (7,412)</u>	<u>\$ (25,994)</u>	<u>\$ (28,911)</u>
Net loss available to common shareholders	<u>\$ (4,212)</u>	<u>\$ (7,412)</u>	<u>\$ (25,994)</u>	<u>\$ (28,911)</u>
Basic and diluted loss per share	<u>\$ (0.02)</u>	<u>\$ (0.04)</u>	<u>\$ (0.14)</u>	<u>\$ (0.16)</u>
Basic and diluted shares used in computing loss per share	181,769	180,732	182,630	179,563

See accompanying notes.

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AvePoint, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net loss	\$ (4,230)	\$ (6,786)	\$ (25,937)	\$ (27,041)
Other comprehensive income (loss) net of taxes				
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale	—	(190)	—	—
Foreign currency translation adjustments	56	1,412	228	(281)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	<u>56</u>	<u>1,222</u>	<u>228</u>	<u>(281)</u>
Total comprehensive loss	\$ (4,174)	\$ (5,564)	\$ (25,709)	\$ (27,322)
Comprehensive loss (income) attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	18	(511)	16	(1,680)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to AvePoint, Inc	<u>\$ (4,156)</u>	<u>\$ (6,075)</u>	<u>\$ (25,693)</u>	<u>\$ (29,002)</u>

See accompanying notes.

AvePoint, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Mezzanine Equity and Stockholders' Equity
(In thousands, except share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023							
	Redeemable noncontrolling interest Amount	Total mezzanine equity Amount	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Stockholders' Equity
			Shares	Amount				
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 14,009	\$ 14,009	185,723,183	\$ 19	\$ 659,604	\$ (450,750)	\$ 2,251	\$ 211,124
Proceeds from exercise of options	—	—	288,180	—	625	—	—	625
Common stock issued upon vesting of restricted stock units	—	—	631,866	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	9,285	—	—	9,285
Reclassification of earn-out RSUs to earn-out shares	—	—	—	—	(127)	—	—	(127)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	—	—	(2,647,605)	(1)	(9,495)	(7,144)	—	(16,640)
Comprehensive income (loss):								
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(4,230)	—	(4,230)
Net loss attributable to and accretion of redeemable noncontrolling interest	(18)	(18)	—	—	—	18	—	18
Total other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—	56	56
Balance, September 30, 2023	<u>\$ 13,991</u>	<u>\$ 13,991</u>	<u>183,995,624</u>	<u>\$ 18</u>	<u>\$ 659,892</u>	<u>\$ (462,106)</u>	<u>\$ 2,307</u>	<u>\$ 200,111</u>

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2022									
	Redeemable noncontrolling interest Amount	Total mezzanine equity Amount	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock		Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Stockholders' Equity
			Shares	Amount		Shares	Amount			
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 12,173	\$ 12,173	181,330,816	\$ 18	\$ 644,931	2,045,226	\$(11,791)	\$ (396,796)	\$ 889	\$ 237,251
Proceeds from exercise of options	—	—	59,800	—	98	—	—	—	—	98
Common stock issued upon vesting of restricted stock units	—	—	1,215,513	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Common stock issued upon acquisition	—	—	324,845	—	1,517	—	—	—	—	1,517
Common stock issued for canceled officer awards	—	—	3,592,504	1	(1)	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	9,609	—	—	—	—	9,609
Reclassification of earn-out RSUs to earn-out shares	—	—	—	—	(186)	—	—	—	—	(186)
Repurchase of common stock	—	—	(2,068,375)	—	—	2,068,375	(9,502)	—	—	(9,502)
Comprehensive income (loss):										
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(6,786)	—	(6,786)
Net income attributable to and accretion of redeemable noncontrolling interest	626	626	—	—	—	—	—	(626)	—	(626)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(115)	(115)	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,337	1,337
Balance, September 30, 2022	<u>\$ 12,684</u>	<u>\$ 12,684</u>	<u>184,455,103</u>	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ 655,968</u>	<u>4,113,601</u>	<u>\$(21,293)</u>	<u>\$ (404,208)</u>	<u>\$ 2,226</u>	<u>\$ 232,712</u>

See accompanying notes.

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AvePoint, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Mezzanine Equity and Stockholders' Equity (continued)
(In thousands, except share amounts)
(Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023										
	Redeemable noncontrolling interest Amount	Total mezzanine equity Amount	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock		Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Stockholders' Equity
			Shares	Amount		Shares	Amount			
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 14,007	\$ 14,007	185,277,588	\$ 19	\$ 665,715	4,189,750	\$ (21,666)	\$ (416,927)	\$ 2,006	\$ 229,147
Proceeds from exercise of options	—	—	2,063,783	—	3,865	—	—	—	—	3,865
Common stock issued upon vesting of restricted stock units	—	—	2,637,904	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	26,975	—	—	—	—	26,975
Reclassification of earn-out RSUs to earn-out shares	—	—	—	—	(439)	—	—	—	—	(439)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	—	—	(5,983,651)	(1)	(36,224)	(4,189,750)	21,666	(19,185)	—	(33,744)
Comprehensive income (loss):										
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(25,937)	—	(25,937)
Net income attributable to and accretion of redeemable noncontrolling interest	57	57	—	—	—	—	—	(57)	—	(57)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(73)	(73)	—	—	—	—	—	—	301	301
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ 13,991	\$ 13,991	183,995,624	\$ 18	\$ 659,892	—	\$ —	\$ (462,106)	\$ 2,307	\$ 200,111

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022										
	Redeemable noncontrolling interest Amount	Total mezzanine equity Amount	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock		Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Stockholders' Equity
			Shares	Amount		Shares	Amount			
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 5,210	\$ 5,210	181,821,767	\$ 18	\$ 625,056	143,564	\$ (1,739)	\$ (375,297)	\$ 2,317	\$ 250,355
Proceeds from exercise of options	—	—	1,216,079	—	1,817	—	—	—	—	1,817
Common stock issued upon vesting of restricted stock units	—	—	1,469,945	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Common stock issued upon acquisition	—	—	324,845	—	1,517	—	—	—	—	1,517
Common stock issued for canceled officer awards	—	—	3,592,504	1	(1)	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	28,279	—	—	—	—	28,279
Issuance of redeemable noncontrolling interest in MaivenPoint Pte. Ltd. (1)	5,794	5,794	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reclassification of earn-out RSUs to earn-out shares	—	—	—	—	(700)	—	—	—	—	(700)
Repurchase of common stock	—	—	(3,970,037)	—	—	3,970,037	(19,554)	—	—	(19,554)
Comprehensive income (loss):										
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(27,041)	—	(27,041)
Net income attributable to and accretion of redeemable	1,870	1,870	—	—	—	—	—	(1,870)	—	(1,870)

noncontrolling interest											
Total other comprehensive loss	(190)	(190)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(91)	(91)
Balance, September 30, 2022	<u>\$ 12,684</u>	<u>\$ 12,684</u>	<u>184,455,103</u>	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ 655,968</u>	<u>4,113,601</u>	<u>\$(21,293)</u>	<u>\$ (404,208)</u>	<u>\$ 2,226</u>	<u>\$ 232,712</u>	

(1) Formerly AvePoint EduTech Pte. Ltd.
See accompanying notes.

AvePoint, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022
Operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (25,937)	\$ (27,041)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	3,439	2,255
Operating lease right-of-use assets expense	5,294	4,602
Foreign currency remeasurement loss	763	3,026
Stock-based compensation	26,975	28,287
Deferred income taxes	(240)	(154)
Other	725	1,040
Change in value of earn-out and warrant liabilities	6,921	(6,754)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(4,633)	(6,661)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,663	(1,486)
Deferred contract costs and other assets	(5,637)	(8,436)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, operating lease liabilities and other liabilities	(5,331)	(4,227)
Deferred revenue	9,282	8,656
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	13,284	(6,893)
Investing activities		
Maturities of investments	1,292	180,837
Purchases of investments	(2,050)	(180,495)
Cash paid in business combinations and asset acquisitions, net of cash acquired	—	(18,574)
Capitalization of internal-use software	(988)	(1,165)
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,478)	(3,420)
Investment in notes	(1,000)	—
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,224)	(22,817)
Financing activities		
Repurchase of common stock	(33,644)	(19,554)
Proceeds from stock option exercises	3,865	1,817
Repayments of finance leases	(30)	(23)
Net cash used in financing activities	(29,809)	(17,760)
Effect of exchange rates on cash	(653)	(2,966)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(21,402)	(50,436)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	227,188	268,217
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 205,786	\$ 217,781
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information		
Income taxes paid	\$ 5,794	\$ 421
Contingent consideration in business combinations	\$ —	\$ 5,635

See accompanying notes.

AvePoint, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

1. Nature of Business and Organization

AvePoint, Inc. (collectively with its subsidiaries, hereinafter referred to as “*AvePoint*,” the “*Company*,” “*we*,” “*us*,” or “*our*”) was incorporated as a New Jersey corporation on July 24, 2001 and redomiciled as a Delaware corporation in 2006.

AvePoint provides a cloud-native software platform that organizations rely on to optimize operations, manage critical data and secure the digital workplace. As companies around the world embrace the new normal of hybrid work, they must build and deliver a new, seamless workplace experience for knowledge workers, centered around an extensive portfolio of SaaS solutions and productivity applications aimed at improving collaboration across the organization.

Our principal corporate headquarters are located in Jersey City, New Jersey, with our principal operating headquarters in Richmond, Virginia and additional offices in North America, Europe, Asia, Australia and the Middle East.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022, which has been derived from audited financial statements, and the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “*SEC*”) for interim financial information and include the accounts of the Company. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. Certain information and disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (“*GAAP*”) have been condensed or omitted.

In the opinion of management, these financial statements contain all material adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods indicated. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the year ending December 31, 2023.

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes included in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, which was filed with the SEC on March 31, 2023, and amended on June 13, 2023 (“*Annual Report*”).

The Company's significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report. There have been no significant changes to these policies during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

AvePoint, Inc.
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Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

In January 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("**FASB**") issued Accounting Standard Update ("**ASU**") 2016-13, *Financial Instruments — Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* which replaces incurred loss methodology to estimate credit losses on financial instruments with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses. This amendment affects entities holding financial assets that are not accounted for at fair value through net income including trade receivables. Subsequently FASB issued ASU 2020-02 which deferred the adoption date. The amendments in this ASU are effective for Emerging Growth Company entities, which elected to take advantage of the extended transition period, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. Early application of the amendments is permitted. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2023. The adoption of the standard did not have a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, "Debt — Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815 — 40)" ("ASU 2020-06"). ASU 2020-06 simplifies the accounting for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity, including convertible instruments and contracts on an entity's own equity. The ASU is part of the FASB's simplification initiative, which aims to reduce unnecessary complexity in GAAP. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2023. The adoption of the standard did not have a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

Comparative Data

Certain amounts from prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation, including:

- The reclassification of perpetual license revenue to be included in maintenance revenue on the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022;
- The reclassification of depreciation and amortization to be included in cost of revenue, sales and marketing, general and administrative and research and development on the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022;
- The reclassification of long-term unbilled receivables to be included in deferred contracts and other assets within net cash provided by (used in) operating activities on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022; and
- The reclassification of provision for doubtful accounts and loss (gain) on disposal of property and equipment to be included in other within net cash provided by (used in) operating activities on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Goodwill

No events or circumstances changed since the acquisitions that would indicate that the fair value of our reporting unit is below its carrying amount. No impairment was deemed necessary as of September 30, 2023 or December 31, 2022.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. We base our estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. The amounts of assets and liabilities reported in our condensed consolidated balance sheets and the amounts of revenue and expenses reported for each of its periods presented are affected by estimates and assumptions, which are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for revenue recognition, deferred contract costs, valuation of goodwill and other intangible assets, income taxes and related reserves, stock-based compensation, purchase price in a business combination, and earn-out liabilities. Actual results and outcomes may differ from management's estimates and assumptions due to risks and uncertainties.

AvePoint, Inc.
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Foreign Currency

Transaction gains and losses arising from exchange rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in other income (expense), net in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations. Transaction losses totaled \$0.7 million and \$1.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and \$1.3 million and \$2.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company maintains cash with several high credit-quality financial institutions. The Company considers all investments available with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. These investments are not subject to significant market risk. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents in bank accounts which, at times, exceed the federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company maintains cash balances used in operations at entities based in countries that impose regulations that limit the ability to transfer cash out of the country. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company's cash balances at these entities were \$7.0 million and \$10.8 million, respectively. For purposes of the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, cash includes all amounts in the condensed consolidated balance sheets captioned cash and cash equivalents.

Short-Term Investments

Short-term investments consist mainly of certificates of deposit held by financial institutions which have an initial maturity greater than three months but less than or equal to one year at period end.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

The prepaid expenses balances as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were \$7.3 million and \$7.1 million, respectively.

Deferred Contract Costs

Amortization of deferred contract costs of \$4.6 million and \$13.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and \$3.4 million and \$9.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, is included as a component of sales and marketing expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. Deferred contract costs recognized as a contract asset on our balance sheet were \$50.2 million and \$48.6 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Revenue Recognition

The Company derives revenue from four primary sources: SaaS, term license and support, services, and maintenance. Services include installation services, training and other consulting services.

Term license revenue recognized at point in time was \$11.1 million and \$24.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and \$13.7 million and \$29.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

Accounts receivable, net is inclusive of accounts receivable, and current unbilled receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts. We record an unbilled receivable when revenue is recognized prior to invoicing. We have a well-established collection history from our direct and indirect sales. We periodically evaluate the collectability of our accounts receivable and provide an allowance for doubtful accounts as necessary, based on the age of the receivable, expected payment ability, and collection experience. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the allowance for doubtful accounts was not material.

We record deferred revenue in the condensed consolidated balance sheets when cash is collected or invoiced before revenue is earned. Deferred revenue as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was \$108.7 million and \$101.5 million, respectively. Revenue recognized that was included at the beginning of the period deferred revenue balance was \$78.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

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The opening and closing balances of the Company's accounts receivable, net, deferred revenue and deferred contract costs are as follows:

	Accounts receivable, net (1)	Deferred revenue	Deferred contract costs
		(in thousands)	
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 73,348	\$ 101,490	\$ 48,553
Balance, September 30, 2023	78,264	108,729	50,232

(1) Includes long-term unbilled receivables.

There were no significant changes to the Company's contract assets or liabilities during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2022 outside of its sales activities.

As of September 30, 2023, transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations, which includes deferred revenue and amounts that will be invoiced and recognized as revenue in future periods, was \$275.8 million, of which \$218.6 million is related to SaaS and term license and support revenue. We expect to recognize approximately 63% of the total transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations over the next twelve months and the remainder thereafter.

Treasury Stock Retirement

We account for treasury stock transactions under the cost method. For each reacquisition of common stock, the number of shares and the acquisition price for those shares is added to the existing treasury stock count and total value, respectively. We periodically retire treasury shares that we acquire through share repurchases and return those shares to the status of authorized but unissued. When treasury shares are retired, we allocate the excess of the repurchase price over the par value of shares acquired between additional paid-in capital and accumulated deficit. The portion allocated to additional paid-in capital is limited to the pro rata portion of additional paid-in capital for the retired treasury shares. Any further excess of the repurchase price is allocated to accumulated deficit.

Emerging Growth Company

The Company is considered an emerging growth company. Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under Section 21E of the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies, but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard.

Because the market value of our common stock held by non-affiliates exceeded \$700.0 million as of June 30, 2023, we will meet the conditions to be deemed a "large-accelerated filer" as of December 31, 2023, and will, consequently, no longer be an emerging growth company as of that date. We will be subject to the regulations applicable to all large-accelerated filers as of December 31, 2023.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently issued accounting pronouncements are not expected to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

AvePoint, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
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3. Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill were as follows:

	Goodwill
	(in thousands)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$ 18,904
Acquisitions	—
Effect of foreign currency translation	(309)
Balance as of September 30, 2023	\$ 18,595

4. Intangible assets, net

Intangible assets consist of acquired intangible assets and self-developed software. Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$0.6 million and \$1.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

A summary of the balances of the Company's intangible assets as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is presented below:

	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount September 30, 2023	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount December 31, 2022
	(in thousands)					
Technology and software, net	\$ 7,774	\$ (1,741)	\$ 6,033	\$ 6,842	\$ (777)	\$ 6,065
Customer related assets, net	4,432	(513)	3,919	4,799	(477)	4,322
Content, net	815	(340)	475	830	(138)	692
Total	\$ 13,021	\$ (2,594)	\$ 10,427	\$ 12,471	\$ (1,392)	\$ 11,079

As of September 30, 2023, estimated future amortization expense for intangible assets, net is as follows:

Year Ending December 31:

	(in thousands)
2023 (three months)	\$ 563
2024	2,184
2025	1,798
2026	1,310
2027	1,123
Thereafter	3,449
Total intangible assets subject to amortization	\$ 10,427

5. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company deposits its cash with financial institutions and, at times, such balances may exceed federally insured limits. Additionally, no customer accounted for more than 10% of revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

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6. Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable, net, consists of the following components:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(in thousands)	
Trade receivables	\$ 50,729	\$ 47,046
Current unbilled receivables	19,776	20,153
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,176)	(725)
	<u>\$ 69,329</u>	<u>\$ 66,474</u>

7. Line of Credit

The Company maintained a loan and security agreement with HSBC Ventures Bank USA, Inc., (“*HSBC Venture*”) as lender, for a revolving line of credit of up to \$30.0 million, with an accordion feature that provides up to \$20.0 million of additional borrowing capacity the Company was permitted to draw upon at its request. The line bore interest at a rate equal to SOFR plus 3.6%. The line carried an unused fee of 0.5% per year. The line matured on September 7, 2023. As of September 30, 2023, the Company had no borrowings outstanding under the line of credit. We were required to maintain a specified adjusted quick ratio and a minimum annual recurring revenue tested by HSBC Venture each quarter. The Company pledged, assigned and granted HSBC Venture a security interest in all shares of its subsidiaries, future proceeds and assets (except for excluded assets, including material intellectual property) as security for the performance of the loan and security agreement obligations.

Effective November 3, 2023, the Company entered into a loan and security agreement with HSBC Bank USA, National Association. See the section titled “*Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*” (Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report) under the sub-heading “*Note 18 – Subsequent Events*” for more information.

8. Income Taxes

The Company had an effective tax rate of (204.5)% and (45.7)% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and (5.2)% and (0.4)% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

The change in effective tax rates for the three-month period ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the three-month period ended September 30, 2022 was primarily due to the mix of pre-tax income (loss) results by jurisdictions taxed at different rates, and tax losses for which no benefit can be taken.

The change in effective tax rates for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022 was primarily due to the mix of pre-tax income (loss) results by jurisdictions taxed at different rates, impact of foreign inclusions, stock-based compensation and tax losses for which no benefits can be taken.

The Company continues to evaluate the realizability of its deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis and will adjust such amounts in light of changing facts and circumstances. In making such an assessment, management would consider all available positive and negative evidence, including the level of historical taxable income, future reversals of existing temporary differences, tax planning strategies, and projected future taxable income.

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9. Leases

The Company is obligated under various non-cancelable operating leases primarily for office space. The initial terms of the leases expire on various dates through 2030. We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception.

The components of the Company's operating lease expenses are reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(in thousands)			
Lease liability cost	\$ 1,798	\$ 1,953	\$ 5,294	\$ 4,602
Short-term lease expenses (1)	138	173	592	1,522
Variable lease cost not included in the lease liability (2)	119	97	365	166
Total lease cost	\$ 2,055	\$ 2,223	\$ 6,251	\$ 6,290

(1) Short-term lease expenses include rent expenses from leases of 12 months or less on the transition date or lease commencement.

(2) Variable lease cost includes common area maintenance, property taxes, and fluctuations in rent due to a change in an index or rate.

Our lease agreements generally contain lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components primarily include payments for maintenance and utilities. We elected to combine fixed payments for non-lease components, for all classes of underlying assets, with our lease payments and account for them together as a single lease component which increases the amount of our lease assets and liabilities.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities amounted to \$3.7 million and \$6.8 million, respectively.

Other information related to operating leases for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, is as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(in thousands)			
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of the lease liability:				
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 1,659	\$ 1,594	\$ 5,324	\$ 4,100

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As of September 30, 2023, our operating leases had a weighted average remaining lease term of 3.6 years and a weighted average discount rate of 5.4%.

As of December 31, 2022, our operating leases had a weighted average remaining lease term of 4.4 years and a weighted average discount rate of 5.1%.

The maturity schedule of the operating lease liabilities as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

Year Ending December 31:

	(in thousands)
2023 (three months)	\$ 1,599
2024	5,583
2025	3,762
2026	2,489
2027	1,711
Thereafter	2,001
Total future lease payments	\$ 17,145
Less: Present value adjustment	(1,818)
Present value of future lease payments (1)	<u>\$ 15,327</u>

(1) Includes the current portion of operating lease liabilities of \$5.3 million, which is reflected in accrued expenses and other liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

In the normal course of its business, the Company may be involved in various claims, negotiations and legal actions. Except for such claims that arise in the normal course of business, as of September 30, 2023, the Company was not a party to any other litigation for which a material claim is reasonably possible, probable or estimable.

Guarantees

In the normal course of business, customers in certain geographies or in highly regulated sectors occasionally require contingency agreements, which are secured by certificates of deposit. As of September 30, 2023, letters of credit have been issued in the amount of \$3.1 million, as security for the agreements. These agreements have not had a material effect on our results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

Notes Receivable

Other assets include yielding loan notes to a third party with a total commitment of up to \$5.0 million and maturities of greater than twelve months. The notes bear interest at an annual rate equal to 8%.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, \$1.5 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, were outstanding, and these amounts are included in other assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the difference between the carrying amount and estimated fair value for the notes receivables was immaterial. Fair values are based on discounted future cash flows using current interest rates offered for similar notes to third parties with similar credit ratings for the same remaining maturities. If measured at fair value in the financial statements, these financial instruments would be classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

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11. Earn-Out and Warrant Liabilities

Company Earn-Out Agreement

Certain holders of common stock and certain holders of options shall be issued additional shares of AvePoint's common stock, as follows:

- 1,000,000 shares of AvePoint's common stock, in the aggregate, if at any time from July 1, 2021 through July 1, 2028 (a) AvePoint's stock price is greater than or equal to \$12.50 over any 20 Trading Days within any 30 trading day period or (b) the Company consummates a subsequent transaction, which results in the stockholders of the Company having the right to exchange their shares for cash, securities or other property having a value equaling or exceeding \$12.50 per share;
- 1,000,000 shares of AvePoint's common stock, in the aggregate, if at any time from July 1, 2021 through July 1, 2028 (a) AvePoint's stock price is greater than or equal to \$15.00 over any 20 Trading Days within any 30 trading day period or (b) the Company consummates a subsequent transaction, which results in the stockholders of the Company having the right to exchange their shares for cash, securities or other property having a value equaling or exceeding \$15.00 per share;
- 1,000,000 shares of AvePoint's common stock, in the aggregate, if at any time from July 1, 2021 through July 1, 2028 (a) AvePoint's stock price is greater than or equal to \$17.50 over any 20 Trading Days within any 30 trading day period or (b) the Company consummates a subsequent transaction, which results in the stockholders of the Company having the right to exchange their shares for cash, securities or other property having a value equaling or exceeding \$17.50 per share.

The rights described above are hereafter referred to as the “*Company Earn-Out Shares*”. To the extent that any portion of the Company Earn-Out Shares that would otherwise be issued to a holder of options that remain unvested at the date of the milestones described above, then in lieu of issuing the applicable Company Earn-Out Shares, the Company shall instead issue an award of restricted stock units of the Company for a number of shares of AvePoint's common stock equal to such portion of the Company Earn-Out Shares issuable with respect to the unvested options (the “*Company Earn-Out RSUs*”). In evaluation of the Company Earn-Out Shares and Company Earn-Out RSUs, management determined that the Company Earn-Out Shares represent derivatives to be marked to market at each reporting period, while the Company Earn-Out RSUs represent equity under ASC 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation* (“*ASC 718*”). Refer to “*Note 13 — Stock-Based Compensation*” for more information regarding the Company Earn-Out RSUs.

In order to capture the market conditions associated with the Company Earn-Out Shares, the Company applied an approach that incorporated a Monte Carlo simulation, which involved random iterations that took different future price paths over the Sponsor Earn-Out Shares’ (as defined below) contractual life based on the appropriate probability distributions. The fair value was determined by taking the average of the fair values under each Monte Carlo simulation trial. The Monte Carlo model requires highly subjective assumptions including the expected volatility of the price of our common stock, and the expected term of the earn-out shares. Significant increases or decreases to these inputs in isolation could result in a significantly higher or lower liability. Under this approach, the fair value of the Company Earn-Out Shares on July 1, 2021 was determined to be \$29.6 million. The fair value was remeasured as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and was determined to be \$13.8 million and \$6.6 million, respectively, and included in the earn-out shares liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As a result, \$2.8 million and \$6.8 million losses were recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and \$0.8 million and \$6.6 million gains were recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, and included as (loss) gain on earn-out and warrant liabilities in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. We estimated the earn-out shares fair value using a Monte Carlo model with the following significant unobservable assumptions:

	September 30, 2023
Term (in years)	4.76
Volatility	55.00%

Private Warrants to Acquire Common Stock

On July 1, 2021, the Company granted 405,000 private placement warrants with a 5-year term and strike price of \$11.50 per share. Management has determined that the private placements warrants are to be classified as liabilities to be marked to market at each reporting period.

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The private placement warrants are held by only two parties and any transfer of the warrants to a party other than a current holder of the warrants would cause the warrants to be converted into public warrants. Consequently, the fair value of the private placement warrants is equivalent to the quoted price of the publicly traded warrants. Under this approach, the fair value of the private placement warrants on July 1, 2021, was determined to be \$1.4 million. The fair value was remeasured as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and was determined to be \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, and included in the other non-current liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As a result, \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million losses were recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million gains were recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, and included as (loss) gain on earn-out and warrant liabilities in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

12. Mezzanine Equity and Stockholders' Equity

The Company has one class of capital stock: common stock. The following summarizes the terms of the Company's capital stock.

Common Stock

Pursuant to the Company's restated Articles of Incorporation, the Company was authorized to issue up to 1,000,000,000 shares of common stock at \$0.0001 par value. There were 183,995,624 and 189,467,338 shares issued and outstanding, including treasury shares, if any, at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Each share of common stock is entitled to one vote. The holders of common stock are also entitled to receive dividends whenever funds are legally available and when declared by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors has not declared common stock dividends since inception. On June 30, 2023, the Company retired 7,525,796 shares of its common stock held in treasury. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, the Company repurchased and retired 2,647,605 shares. The shares were returned to the status of authorized but unissued shares. As a result, common stock amount, additional paid-in capital, and accumulated deficit in the condensed consolidated balance sheet were reduced by \$0 million, \$36.2 million, and \$19.2 million, respectively.

Share Repurchase Program

On March 17, 2022, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized a new share repurchase program (the "***Share Repurchase Program***") for the Company to buy back shares of its common stock. Under the Share Repurchase Program, the Company has the authority to buy up to a maximum of \$150 million of common stock shares via acquisitions in the open market or privately negotiated transactions. The Share Repurchase Program will remain open for a period of three years from the date of authorization and may be suspended or discontinued at any time. The Company is not obligated to make purchases of, nor is it obligated to acquire any particular amount of, common stock under the Share Repurchase Program. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company repurchased 5,983,651 shares at an average price of \$5.62 per share.

Sponsor Earn-Out Shares

On July 1, 2021, the Company modified the terms of 2,916,700 shares of common stock ("***Sponsor Earn-Out Shares***") then held by Apex Technology Acquisition Corporation's sponsor, such that such shares will be subject to the following vesting provisions:

- 100% of the Sponsor Earn-Out Shares shall vest and be released if at any time through July 1, 2028, AvePoint's stock price is greater than or equal to \$15.00 (as adjusted for share splits, share capitalization, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) over any 20 trading days within any 30 trading day period; and
- 100% of the remaining Sponsor Earn-Out Shares that have not previously vested shall vest and be released if at any time through July 1, 2028, the Company consummates a subsequent transaction.

The Sponsor Earn-Out Shares are currently outstanding and receive all benefits of regular shares with the exception of the fact that the shares are held in escrow and restricted from transfer until the vesting conditions described above are met. Consequently, the shares are classified as equity. No Sponsor Earn-Out Shares have vested as of September 30, 2023.

Public Warrants to Acquire Common Stock

On July 1, 2021, the Company issued 17,500,000 public warrants with an exercise price of \$11.50. Each warrant entitles the registered holder to purchase one share of AvePoint's common stock and the warrants are exercisable from the date of issuance through July 1, 2026. At September 30, 2023, all 17,500,000 warrants remained outstanding.

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13. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company maintains the 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the “**2021 Plan**”). As of September 30, 2023, 22,975,201 shares remained for future issuance under the 2021 Plan. To date, the Company has issued only stock options and restricted stock units to employees, directors and consultants.

The Company records stock-based compensation in cost of revenue, sales and marketing, general and administrative and research and development. Stock-based compensation was included in the following line items:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(in thousands)			
Cost of revenue	\$ 806	\$ 667	\$ 2,292	\$ 1,948
Sales and marketing	2,358	2,847	7,267	8,705
General and administrative	5,264	5,060	14,551	14,825
Research and development	857	1,035	2,865	2,809
Total stock-based compensation	\$ 9,285	\$ 9,609	\$ 26,975	\$ 28,287

Stock Options

The compensation costs for stock option awards are accounted for in accordance with ASC 718. Stock options vest over a four-year service period and expire on the tenth anniversary of the date of award.

On March 13, 2023, the Company granted 1,125,374 options under the 2021 Plan. The Company estimated the grant date fair value of these stock options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	March 13, 2023
Expected life (in years)	6.11
Expected volatility	59.19%
Risk-free rate	3.63%
Dividend yield	—

To estimate the expected life of stock options, the Company considered the vesting term, contractual expiration period, and market conditions. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility of a group of peer entities. Dividend yields are based upon historical dividend yields. Risk-free interest rates are based on the implied yields currently available on U.S. Treasury zero coupon issues with a remaining term equal to the expected life. Based on these inputs, the grant-date fair value was determined to be \$2.8 million.

As of September 30, 2023, there was \$18.6 million in unrecognized compensation costs related to all unvested options.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company had 27,981,601 options outstanding and 20,951,139 options exercisable with intrinsic values of \$86.7 million and \$75.7 million, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, 2,063,783 options were exercised, with a total intrinsic value of \$7.3 million.

Restricted Stock Units

6,606,932 restricted stock units (“**RSUs**”) were granted under the 2021 Plan during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, with a weighted-average grant date fair-value of \$4.30 per RSU. The compensation costs for RSUs are accounted for in accordance with ASC 718. RSUs vest over a four-year service period from the grant date. The RSUs are measured at the fair market value of the underlying stock at the grant date. As of September 30, 2023, there was \$59.2 million in unrecognized compensation costs specific to the unvested RSUs under the 2021 Plan.

Company Earn-Out RSUs

The compensation costs for Company Earn-Out RSUs are accounted for in accordance with ASC 718. In order to capture the market conditions associated with the Company Earn-Out RSUs, the Company applied an approach that incorporated a Monte Carlo simulation, which involved random iterations that took different future price paths over the Sponsor Earn-Out RSUs' contractual life based on the appropriate probability distributions. The fair value was determined by taking the average of the fair values under each Monte Carlo simulation trial. Under this approach, the grant-date fair value of the Company Earn-Out RSUs on July 1, 2021, was determined to be \$2.5 million. The stock options underlying the Earn-Out RSUs vest over a four-year period and expire on the tenth anniversary of the date of award. If the contingent milestones of the Earn-Out RSUs are not met by July 1, 2028, the holders of the underlying stock options will not receive the Earn-Out RSUs.

AvePoint, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

14. Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined by ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement* (“ASC 820”) as the price that would be received upon selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1 — Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 — Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 — Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

	September 30, 2023			
	(in thousands)			
	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
Cash Equivalents:				
Certificates of deposit (1)	\$ —	\$ 1,483	\$ —	\$ 1,483
Money market funds (2)	—	4,108	—	4,108
U.S. treasury bills	—	169,793	—	169,793
Short term investments:				
Certificates of deposit (1)	—	3,478	—	3,478
Total	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 178,862</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 178,862</u>
Liabilities:				
Earn-out shares liabilities:				
Earn-out shares (3)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 13,822	\$ 13,822
Other non-current liabilities:				
Warrant liabilities (3)	—	397	—	397
Total	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 397</u>	<u>\$ 13,822</u>	<u>\$ 14,219</u>
 December 31, 2022 (in thousands)				
	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
Cash Equivalents:				
Certificates of deposit (1)	\$ —	\$ 1,693	\$ —	\$ 1,693
Money market funds (2)	—	188,769	—	188,769
Short term investments:				
Certificates of deposit (1)	—	2,620	—	2,620
Other assets:				
Certificates of deposit (1)	—	162	—	162
Total	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 193,244</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 193,244</u>
Liabilities:				
Earn-out shares liabilities:				
Earn-out shares (3)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,631	\$ 6,631
Other non-current liabilities:				
Warrant liabilities (3)	—	227	—	227
Total	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 227</u>	<u>\$ 6,631</u>	<u>\$ 6,858</u>

(1) The majority of certificates of deposit are foreign deposits.

(2) Profits on securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 were \$2.2 million and \$5.8 million, respectively, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 were \$1.2 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

(3) Refer to “*Note 11 — Earn-Out and Warrant Liabilities*” for further details.

AvePoint, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

The following table presents the reconciliation in Level 3 instruments which consisted of earn-out shares liabilities which were measured on a recurring basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 (in thousands)
Opening balance	\$ 6,631
Total gains or losses from the period	
Included in (loss) gain on earn-out and warrant liabilities	6,752
Reclass from Earnout-RSU	439
Closing balance	\$ 13,822

15. Segment Information

The Company operates in one segment. Its products and services are sold throughout the world, through direct and indirect sales channels. The Company’s chief operating decision maker (the “**CODM**”) is the Chief Executive Officer. The CODM makes operating performance assessment and resource allocation decisions on a global basis. The CODM does not receive discrete financial information about asset allocation, expense allocation or profitability by product or geography.

Revenue by geography is based upon the billing address of the customer. All transfers between geographic regions have been eliminated from consolidated revenue. The following table sets forth revenue by geographic area:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(in thousands)			
Revenue:				
North America	\$ 31,751	\$ 29,416	\$ 84,484	\$ 75,648
EMEA	21,739	19,026	60,800	51,938
APAC	19,270	14,297	51,917	41,145
Total revenue	\$ 72,760	\$ 62,739	\$ 197,201	\$ 168,731

The following table sets forth revenue generated by countries which represent more than 10% of total consolidated revenue:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(in thousands)			
Revenue:				
United States	\$ 31,115	\$ 29,229	\$ 82,151	\$ 75,461
Germany	9,212	8,576	25,993	22,494
Singapore	8,639	5,697	22,256	14,893

AvePoint, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

16. Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share available to AvePoint common shareholders (“*EPS*”) is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. In computing diluted EPS, the Company adjusts the denominator, subject to anti-dilution requirements, to include the dilution from potential shares of common stock resulting from outstanding share based payment awards, warrants, earn-outs and the conversion of convertible preferred shares. AvePoint applies the two-class method in calculating loss per share. AvePoint’s Sponsor Earn-Out Shares described in “*Note 12 — Mezzanine Equity and Stockholders’ Equity*” are considered participating securities and have no contractual obligation to shares in the loss of the Company. As such, the weighted-average impact of these shares is excluded from the calculation of loss per share below. As losses were incurred during all periods presented, no earnings per share exists for the Sponsor Earn-Out Shares.

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(in thousands, except per share amounts)			
Loss per share available to common shareholders, excluding sponsor earn-out shareholders				
Numerator:				
Net loss	\$ (4,230)	\$ (6,786)	\$ (25,937)	\$ (27,041)
Net loss (income) attributable to and accretion of redeemable noncontrolling interest	18	(626)	(57)	(1,870)
Net loss attributable to AvePoint, Inc.	\$ (4,212)	\$ (7,412)	\$ (25,994)	\$ (28,911)
Total net loss available to common shareholders	\$ (4,212)	\$ (7,412)	\$ (25,994)	\$ (28,911)
Denominator:				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	181,769	180,732	182,630	179,563
Effect of dilutive securities	—	—	—	—
Weighted average diluted shares	181,769	180,732	182,630	179,563
Basic and diluted loss per share available to common shareholders, excluding sponsor earn-out shareholders	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.16)

To arrive at net loss available to common shareholders, the Company deducted net income attributable to the redeemable noncontrolling interest.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company’s potentially dilutive securities were deemed to be anti-dilutive given the Company’s net loss position. As such, basic loss per share is equal to diluted loss per share for the periods presented.

The following potentially dilutive securities outstanding have been excluded from the computation of diluted weighted-average shares outstanding because such securities have an antidilutive impact due to losses reported:

	September 30,	
	2023	2022
	(in thousands)	
Stock options	27,982	29,867
Restricted stock units	11,533	8,490
Warrants	17,905	17,905
Company Earn-Outs	3,000	3,000
Total potentially dilutive securities	60,420	59,262

AvePoint, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

17. Related Party Transactions

The Company has entered into indemnification agreements with its executive officers and directors. These agreements, among other things, require AvePoint to indemnify its directors and executive officers to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, specifically the Delaware General Corporation Law (as the same exists or may hereafter be amended) for certain expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, and settlement amounts incurred by a director or officer in any action or proceeding arising out of their services as one of the Company's directors or officers or any other company or enterprise to which the person provides services at the Company's request.

18. Subsequent Events

On November 3, 2023 we entered into a loan and security agreement (the "*Loan Agreement*") with HSBC Bank USA, National Association, as lender, for a revolving line of credit of up to \$30.0 million with an accordion feature that provides up to \$20.0 million of additional borrowing capacity we may draw at our request. The currently bears interest at a rate of term SOFR plus 3.00% to 3.25% depending on the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan Agreement). The line carries an unused fee ranging from .50% to .55% depending on the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio. We are required to maintain a minimum Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan Agreement) as well as a maximum Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio, tested by HSBC each quarter. The line will mature on November 3, 2026.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this “Quarterly Report”) includes estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives, and expected operating results that may constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Forward-looking statements, as well as descriptions of the risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results and events to differ materially, may appear throughout this Quarterly Report, including in this section “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” (Part I, Item 2 of this Quarterly Report) (“MD&A”), and the sections titled “Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements,” “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk” (Part I, Item 3 of this Quarterly Report), and “Risk Factors” (Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report and Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 (our “Annual Report”).

The following MD&A summarizes (and is intended to help the reader understand) the significant factors affecting the consolidated operating results, financial condition, liquidity and cash flows of our Company as of and for the periods presented below. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report and our condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

Third Quarter 2023 Business Highlights

- Total ARR increased 23% year-over-year to \$250.6 million as of September 30, 2023. On an FX adjusted basis, total ARR increased 25% year-over-year;
- Total revenue increased 16% year-over-year to \$72.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023;
- SaaS revenue increased 40% year-over-year to \$41.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023;
- Introduced AvePoint EnPower, which helps organizations more proactively analyze, govern and optimize their SaaS management and operations across Microsoft 365 and Power Platform, in turn enabling greater operational efficiency and automated governance; and
- Announced certification against the ISO information security management system audit using the 27701:2019 framework for the first time, and the 27001:2013 and 27017:2015 frameworks for the second consecutive year, demonstrating the Company's prioritization of security and privacy for AvePoint and its customers.

Overview

AvePoint provides a cloud-native platform that organizations rely on to optimize IT operations, manage critical data and secure the digital workplace. As companies around the world embrace the new normal of hybrid work, they must build and deliver a new, seamless workplace experience for knowledge workers, centered around an extensive portfolio of SaaS solutions and productivity applications aimed at improving collaboration across the organization.

The adoption of this portfolio of solutions – what has been generally described as the “digital transformation” – is a substantial and ongoing challenge for most organizations, which for decades had previously relied upon only a small number of multi-purpose on-premises applications to drive business outcomes. However, to build and deliver an efficient digital workplace today, companies must address this abundance of applications and the associated explosive growth and sprawl of data with a platform offering that is well governed, fit for purpose, easy to use and built on automation.

AvePoint’s Confidence Platform empowers organizations – of all sizes, in all regions, and across all industries – to optimize and secure the solutions that most commonly establish and underpin the digital workplace. As our customers seek to rapidly reduce costs, improve productivity and make more informed business decisions, they depend on our platform for data-driven insights, critical business intelligence and ongoing operational value through automation.

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Item 2

Key Business Metric

	September 30,	
	2023	2022
Total ARR (\$ in mil)	\$ 250.6	\$ 203.8

Annual Recurring Revenue We calculate our annual recurring revenue (“**ARR**”) at the end of a particular period as the annualized sum of contractually obligated Annual Contract Value (“**ACV**”) from SaaS, term license and support, and maintenance revenue sources from all active customers.

As of September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022, total ARR was \$250.6 million and \$203.8 million, respectively, representing growth of 23%. Growth in ARR is driven by both new business and the expansion of existing business.

We believe ARR is indicative of growth in recurring revenue streams, leading to higher revenue growth in future periods. ARR should be viewed independently of revenue and deferred revenue and is not intended to be combined with, or to replace, either of those items. ARR is not a forecast and the active contracts at the end of a reporting period used in calculating ARR may or may not be extended or renewed by our customers.

Beginning in 2023, the Company is including its migration products in the calculation of ARR. Prior periods have also been restated to include migration products.

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Components of Results of Operations

Revenue We generate revenue from four primary sources: SaaS, term license and support, services, and maintenance.

SaaS revenue sources are generated from our cloud-based solutions. Term license and support revenue sources are generated from the sales of on-premise or hybrid licenses, which include a distinct support component. Both SaaS and term license and support revenue sources are primarily billed annually. SaaS and term license and support are generally sold per user license or based upon the amount of data protected.

Services revenue includes revenue generated from implementation, training, consulting, license customization and managed services. These revenues are recognized by applying a measure of progress, such as labor hours to determine the percentage of completion of each contract. These offerings are not inherently recurring in nature and as such are subject to more period-to-period volatility than other elements of our business. Services revenue from managed services are recognized ratably or on a straight-line basis over the contract term.

Maintenance revenue is a result of selling on-going support for perpetual licenses. It also includes recurring professional services such as Technical Account Management. Maintenance revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance agreement, which is typically one year.

Cost of Revenue Cost of SaaS and cost of term license and support consists of all direct costs to deliver and support our SaaS and term license and support products, including salaries, benefits and related expenses, overhead, third-party hosting fees related to our cloud services, depreciation and amortization. We recognize these expenses as they are incurred. We expect that these costs will increase in absolute dollars but may fluctuate as a percentage of SaaS and term license and support revenue from period to period.

Cost of maintenance consists of all direct costs to support our perpetual license products, including salaries, benefits, stock-based compensation and related expenses, overhead, depreciation and amortization. We recognize these expenses as they are incurred. We expect that cost of maintenance revenue will decrease in absolute dollars as maintenance revenue declines but may fluctuate as a percentage of maintenance revenue.

Cost of services consists of salaries, benefits, stock-based compensation and related expenses for our services organization, overhead, IT necessary to provide services for our customers, depreciation and amortization. We recognize these expenses as they are incurred.

Gross Profit and Gross profit is revenue less cost of revenue, and gross margin is gross profit as a percentage of revenue.

Gross Margin Gross profit has been and will continue to be affected by various factors, including the mix of our revenue, the costs associated with third-party cloud-based hosting services for our cloud-based subscriptions, and the extent to which we expand our customer support and services organizations. We expect that our gross margin will fluctuate from period to period depending on the interplay of these various factors but should increase in the long term as SaaS revenue continues to increase as a percentage of total revenue.

Sales and Marketing Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of personnel-related expenses for sales, marketing and customer success personnel, stock-based compensation expense, sales commissions, marketing programs, travel-related expenses, overhead costs, depreciation and amortization. We focus our sales and marketing efforts on creating sales leads and establishing and promoting our brand. Incremental sales commissions for new customer contracts are deferred and amortized ratably over the estimated period of our relationship with such customers. We plan to continue our investment in sales and marketing by hiring additional sales and marketing personnel, executing our go-to-market strategy globally, and building our brand awareness.

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General and Administrative General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel-related expenses for finance, legal and compliance, human resources, and IT personnel, as well as stock-based compensation expense, external professional services, overhead costs, other administrative functions, depreciation and amortization. Our general and administrative expenses have increased as a result of operating as a public company, including costs to comply with the rules and regulations applicable to companies listed on a national securities exchange, costs related to compliance and reporting obligations pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC, and increased expenses for insurance, investor relations, and professional services.

Research and Development Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel-related expenses incurred for our engineering and product and design teams, as well as stock-based compensation expense, overhead costs, depreciation and amortization. We have a research and development presence in the United States, China, Singapore and Vietnam. We believe this provides a strategic advantage, allowing us to invest efficiently in both new product development and increasing our existing product capabilities. We believe delivering expanding product functionality is critical to enhancing the success of existing customers while new product development further reinforces our breadth of software solutions.

Other Income (Expense), net Other income (expense), net consists primarily of fair value adjustments on earn-out and warrant liabilities and realized gain/loss for securities. Other income (expense), net also consists of foreign currency remeasurement gains/losses and interest income on corporate funds invested in money market instruments and highly liquid short-term investments.

Income Taxes We are subject to income taxes in the U.S. (federal and state) and numerous foreign jurisdictions. Tax laws, regulations, administrative practices, principles, and interpretations in various jurisdictions may be subject to significant change, with or without notice, due to economic, political, and other conditions. The foreign jurisdictions in which we operate have different statutory tax rates than those of the United States. Accordingly, our effective tax rate could be affected by the relative proportion of foreign to domestic income, use of foreign tax credits, changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets and liabilities, applicability of any valuation allowances, and changes in tax laws in jurisdictions in which we operate.

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Item 2

Results of Operations

The below period-to-period comparisons of operating results are not necessarily indicative of results for future periods.

Comparison of Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022

Revenue

The components of AvePoint's revenue during the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,	September 30,	Amount	%
	2023	2022		
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
Revenue:				
SaaS	\$ 41,910	\$ 29,959	\$ 11,951	39.9%
Term license and support	16,293	18,288	(1,995)	(10.9)%
Services	11,194	10,458	736	7.0%
Maintenance	3,363	4,034	(671)	(16.6)%
Total revenue	<u>\$ 72,760</u>	<u>\$ 62,739</u>	<u>\$ 10,021</u>	<u>16.0%</u>

Total revenue increased 16.0% to \$72.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily as a result of an increase in SaaS revenue. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, SaaS revenue increased 39.9% to \$41.9 million, as we saw strong customer demand for this offering. For the three months ended September 30, 2022, SaaS revenues represented 58% of total revenue, up from 48% of total revenue in the prior year. The increase in SaaS revenue was partially offset by an expected decrease in both term license and support and maintenance revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2023. Term license revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 includes \$11.1 million and \$13.7 million of revenue recognized at a point in time, respectively.

Services revenue is expected to fluctuate as the offerings are not inherently recurring in nature. Additionally, maintenance revenue is expected to continue declining as we have shifted away from the sale of perpetual licenses and towards SaaS and term licenses. Without perpetual license sales, there will be limited opportunities to sell maintenance contracts to new customers. Existing customers have and will continue to transition to SaaS and term licenses, which will continue the decline in maintenance revenue.

Revenue by geographic region for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,	September 30,	Amount	%
	2023	2022		
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
North America	\$ 31,751	\$ 29,416	\$ 2,335	7.9%
EMEA	21,739	19,026	2,713	14.3%
APAC	19,270	14,297	4,973	34.8%
Total	<u>\$ 72,760</u>	<u>\$ 62,739</u>	<u>\$ 10,021</u>	<u>16.0%</u>

For the three months ended September 30, 2023, North America revenue increased 7.9% to \$31.8 million, driven by a 27.8%, or \$3.9 million, increase in SaaS revenue, partially offset by a \$1.6 million net decrease in term license and support, services, and maintenance revenues. EMEA revenues increased 14.3% to \$21.7 million, driven by a 51.0%, or \$5.3 million, increase in SaaS revenue, partially offset by a combined \$2.6 million decrease in term license and support, services and maintenance revenues. APAC revenues increased 34.8% to \$19.3 million, driven by a 50.0%, or \$2.7 million, increase in SaaS revenue, a 42.6%, or \$2.3 million, increase in services revenue, and a combined \$0.1 million decrease in term license and support and maintenance revenues.

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Cost of Revenue, Gross Profit, and Gross Margin

Cost of revenue, gross profit, and gross margin during the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Change	
	2023	2022	Amount	%
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
Cost of revenue:				
SaaS	\$ 9,561	\$ 7,164	\$ 2,397	33.5%
Term license and support	484	524	(40)	(7.6)%
Services	9,922	9,218	704	7.6%
Maintenance	189	192	(3)	(1.6)%
Total cost of revenue	<u>\$ 20,156</u>	<u>\$ 17,098</u>	<u>\$ 3,058</u>	<u>17.9%</u>
Gross profit	52,604	45,641	6,963	15.3%
Gross margin	72.3%	72.7%	—	—
GAAP cost of revenue	\$ 20,156	\$ 17,098	\$ 3,058	17.9%
Stock-based compensation expense	(806)	(667)	(139)	20.8%
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	(241)	(133)	(108)	81.2%
Non-GAAP cost of revenue	<u>\$ 19,109</u>	<u>\$ 16,298</u>	<u>\$ 2,811</u>	<u>17.2%</u>
Non-GAAP gross profit	53,651	46,441	7,210	15.5%
Non-GAAP gross margin	73.7%	74.0%	—	—

Cost of revenue increased 17.9% to \$20.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily driven by a \$2.0 million increase from higher aggregate hosting costs resulting from increased SaaS revenue, and a \$0.8 million increase related to higher personnel costs.

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Item 2

Operating Expenses

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,		Amount	%
	2023	2022		
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
Sales and marketing	\$ 28,436	\$ 27,425	\$ 1,011	3.7%
Percentage of revenue	39.1%	43.7%	—	—
GAAP sales and marketing	\$ 28,436	\$ 27,425	\$ 1,011	3.7%
Stock-based compensation expense	(2,358)	(2,847)	489	(17.2)%
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	(112)	(96)	(16)	16.7%
Non-GAAP sales and marketing	\$ 25,966	\$ 24,482	\$ 1,484	6.1%
Non-GAAP percentage of revenue	35.7%	39.0%	—	—

Sales and marketing expenses increased 3.7% to \$28.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily driven by higher commission expense and third-party marketing spend, partially offset by lower personnel costs.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,		Amount	%
	2023	2022		
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
General and administrative	\$ 15,838	\$ 16,429	\$ (591)	(3.6)%
Percentage of revenue	21.8%	26.2%	—	—
GAAP general and administrative	\$ 15,838	\$ 16,429	\$ (591)	(3.6)%
Stock-based compensation expense	(5,264)	(5,060)	(204)	4.0%
Non-GAAP general and administrative	\$ 10,574	\$ 11,369	\$ (795)	(7.0)%
Non-GAAP percentage of revenue	14.5%	18.1%	—	—

General and administrative expenses decreased 3.6% to \$15.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The decrease was primarily driven by a \$0.2 million decrease in facilities and related costs and a \$0.3 million decrease in liability insurance costs.

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Item 2

Research and Development

Research and development expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Change	
	2023	2022	Amount	%
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
Research and development	\$ 8,643	\$ 9,214	\$ (571)	(6.2)%
Percentage of revenue	11.9%	14.7%	—	—
GAAP research and development	\$ 8,643	\$ 9,214	\$ (571)	(6.2)%
Stock-based compensation expense	(857)	(1,035)	178	(17.2)%
Non-GAAP research and development	\$ 7,786	\$ 8,179	\$ (393)	(4.8)%
Non-GAAP percentage of revenue	10.7%	13.0%	—	—

Research and development expenses decreased 6.2% to \$8.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, primarily driven by a \$0.7 million decrease in personnel costs, partially offset by a \$0.1 million increase in rent and travel costs.

Income Tax Provision

Income tax expense during the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Change	
	2023	2022	Amount	%
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
Income tax expense	\$ 2,841	\$ 336	\$ 2,505	745.5%

AvePoint's income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2023 was \$2.8 million, as compared to a tax expense of \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The effective tax rate was (204.5)% for the three months ended September 30, 2023, compared to (5.2)% for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The change in effective tax rates was primarily due to the mix of pre-tax income (loss) results by jurisdictions taxed at different rates, certain jurisdictions with separate tax expense calculated, impact of foreign inclusions, stock-based compensation, and tax losses for which no benefit can be taken.

In assessing the need for a valuation allowance, the Company has considered all available positive and negative evidence including its historical levels of income, expectations of future taxable income, future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences and ongoing tax planning strategies. If in the future, the Company determines it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets will not be realized, the Company may set up a valuation allowance, which may result in income tax expense in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations and condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

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Comparison of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022

Revenue

The components of AvePoint's revenue during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,		Amount	%
	2023	2022		
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
Revenue:				
SaaS	\$ 115,701	\$ 84,131	\$ 31,570	37.5%
Term license and support	40,474	42,501	(2,027)	(4.8)%
Services	31,007	29,231	1,776	6.1%
Maintenance	10,019	12,868	(2,849)	(22.1)%
Total revenue	<u>\$ 197,201</u>	<u>\$ 168,731</u>	<u>\$ 28,470</u>	<u>16.9%</u>

Total revenue increased 16.9% to \$197.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily as a result of an increase in SaaS revenue. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, SaaS revenue increased 37.5% to \$115.7 million, as we saw strong customer demand for this offering. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, SaaS revenues represented 59% of total revenue, up from 50% of total revenue in the prior year. The increase in SaaS revenue was partially offset by an expected decrease in both term license and support and maintenance revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Term license revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 includes \$24.9 million and \$29.4 million of revenue recognized at a point in time, respectively.

Revenue by geographic region for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,		Amount	%
	2023	2022		
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
North America	\$ 84,484	\$ 75,648	\$ 8,836	11.7%
EMEA	60,800	51,938	8,862	17.1%
APAC	51,917	41,145	10,772	26.2%
Total	<u>\$ 197,201</u>	<u>\$ 168,731</u>	<u>\$ 28,470</u>	<u>16.9%</u>

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, North America revenue increased 11.7% to \$84.5 million, driven by a 31.4%, or \$12.2 million, increase in SaaS revenue, partially offset by a \$3.4 million combined net decrease in term license and support, services, and maintenance revenues. EMEA revenues increased 17.1% to \$60.8 million, driven by a 42.2%, or \$12.6 million, increase in SaaS revenue, partially offset by a \$3.8 million combined net decrease in term license and support, services, and maintenance revenues. APAC revenues increased 26.2% to \$51.9 million, driven by a 44.1%, or \$6.8 million, increase in SaaS revenue and a \$4.3 million increase in services revenue, partially offset by a \$0.3 million net decrease in term license and support and maintenance revenue.

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Cost of Revenue, Gross Profit, and Gross Margin

Cost of revenue, gross profit, and gross margin during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	2023	2022	Amount	%
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
Cost of revenue:				
SaaS	\$ 26,586	\$ 18,934	\$ 7,652	40.4%
Term license and support	1,441	1,600	(159)	(9.9)%
Services	29,231	26,204	3,027	11.6%
Maintenance	584	748	(164)	(21.9)%
Total cost of revenue	<u>\$ 57,842</u>	<u>\$ 47,486</u>	<u>\$ 10,356</u>	<u>21.8%</u>
Gross profit	139,359	121,245	18,114	14.9%
Gross margin	70.7%	71.9%	—	—
GAAP cost of revenue	\$ 57,842	\$ 47,486	\$ 10,356	21.8%
Stock-based compensation expense	(2,292)	(1,948)	(344)	17.7%
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	(725)	(224)	(501)	223.7%
Non-GAAP cost of revenue	<u>\$ 54,825</u>	<u>\$ 45,314</u>	<u>\$ 9,511</u>	<u>21.0%</u>
Non-GAAP gross profit	142,376	123,417	18,959	15.4%
Non-GAAP gross margin	72.2%	73.1%	—	—

Cost of revenue increased 21.8% to \$57.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily driven by a \$6.4 million increase from higher aggregate hosting costs resulting from increased SaaS revenue and a \$3.1 million increase related to higher personnel costs.

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Operating Expenses

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,		Amount	%
	2023	2022		
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
Sales and marketing	\$ 82,978	\$ 82,002	\$ 976	1.2%
Percentage of revenue	42.1%	48.6%	—	—
GAAP sales and marketing	\$ 82,978	\$ 82,002	\$ 976	1.2%
Stock-based compensation expense	(7,267)	(8,705)	1,438	(16.5)%
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	(381)	(204)	(177)	86.8%
Non-GAAP sales and marketing	\$ 75,330	\$ 73,093	\$ 2,237	3.1%
Non-GAAP percentage of revenue	38.2%	43.3%	—	—

Sales and marketing expenses increased 1.2% to \$83.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, which was primarily driven by higher commission expense, partially offset by lower third-party marketing spend and personnel costs.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,		Amount	%
	2023	2022		
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
General and administrative	\$ 45,679	\$ 48,411	\$ (2,732)	(5.6)%
Percentage of revenue	23.2%	28.7%	—	—
GAAP general and administrative	\$ 45,679	\$ 48,411	\$ (2,732)	(5.6)%
Stock-based compensation expense	(14,551)	(14,825)	274	(1.8)%
Non-GAAP general and administrative	\$ 31,128	\$ 33,586	\$ (2,458)	(7.3)%
Non-GAAP percentage of revenue	15.8%	19.9%	—	—

General and administrative expenses decreased 5.6% to \$45.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The decrease was primarily driven by a \$1.1 million decrease in personnel related costs, a \$0.7 million decrease in facilities expenses, and a \$0.5 million decrease in insurance expenses.

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Research and Development

Research and development expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,	September 30,	Amount	%
	2023	2022	(in thousands, except percentages)	
Research and development	\$ 26,931	\$ 23,850	\$ 3,081	12.9%
Percentage of revenue	13.7%	14.1%	—	—
GAAP research and development	\$ 26,931	\$ 23,850	\$ 3,081	12.9%
Stock-based compensation expense	(2,865)	(2,809)	(56)	2.0%
Non-GAAP research and development	\$ 24,066	\$ 21,041	\$ 3,025	14.4%
Non-GAAP percentage of revenue	12.2%	12.5%	—	—

Research and development expenses increased 12.9% to \$26.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily driven by a \$2.6 million increase in headcount and personnel costs. The increase in headcount further supports the Company's continued efforts to develop new offerings and improve its existing offerings.

Income Tax Provision

Income tax expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,	September 30,	Amount	%
	2023	2022	(in thousands, except percentages)	
Income tax expense	\$ 8,132	\$ 99	\$ 8,033	8,114.1%

AvePoint's income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$8.1 million, as compared to a tax expense of \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The effective tax rate was (45.7)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to (0.4)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The change in effective tax rates was primarily due to the mix of pre-tax income (loss) results by jurisdictions taxed at different rates, certain jurisdictions with separate tax expense calculated, impact of foreign inclusions, stock-based compensation, and tax losses for which no benefit can be taken.

In assessing the need for a valuation allowance, the Company has considered all available positive and negative evidence including its historical levels of income, expectations of future taxable income, future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences and ongoing tax planning strategies. If in the future, the Company determines it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets will not be realized, the Company may set up a valuation allowance, which may result in income tax expense in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations and condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

Certain Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We believe that, in addition to our financial results determined in accordance with GAAP, non-GAAP operating income (loss) and non-GAAP operating margin are useful in evaluating our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

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Non-GAAP Operating Income (loss) and Non-GAAP Operating Margin

Non-GAAP operating income (loss) and non-GAAP operating margin are non-GAAP financial measures that our management uses to assess our overall performance. We define non-GAAP operating income (loss) as GAAP operating income (loss) plus stock-based compensation and the amortization of acquired intangible assets. We define non-GAAP operating margin as non-GAAP operating income divided by revenue. We believe non-GAAP operating income (loss) and non-GAAP operating margin provide our management and investors consistency and comparability with our past financial performance and facilitate period-to-period comparisons of operations, as these metrics eliminate the effects of stock-based compensation which has had historical volatility from period to period due to marked-to-market securities, and of acquired intangible assets, which are unrelated to current operations and are neither comparable to the prior period nor predictive of future results. We believe the elimination of the effect of variability caused by stock-based compensation expense and the amortization of acquired assets, both of which are non-cash expenses, provides a better representation as to the overall operating performance of the Company. We use non-GAAP financial measures (a) to evaluate our historical and prospective financial performance and trends as well as our performance relative to our peers, (b) to set and approve spending budgets, (c) to allocate resources, (d) to measure operational profitability and the accuracy of forecasting, and (e) to assess financial discipline over operational expenditures.

Non-GAAP operating income (loss) and non-GAAP operating margin should not be considered as an alternative to operating income, operating margin or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP as measures of performance. Non-GAAP operating income (loss) and non-GAAP operating margin should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP.

The following table presents a reconciliation of (i) non-GAAP operating income (loss) from the most comparable GAAP measure, operating income, and (ii) non-GAAP operating margin from the most comparable GAAP measure, operating margin, for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(in thousands, except percentages)			
GAAP operating loss	\$ (313)	\$ (7,427)	\$ (16,229)	\$ (33,018)
GAAP operating margin	(0.4)%	(11.8)%	(8.2)%	(19.6)%
Add:				
Stock-based compensation	9,285	9,609	26,975	28,287
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	353	229	1,106	428
Non-GAAP operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 9,325</u>	<u>\$ 2,411</u>	<u>\$ 11,852</u>	<u>\$ (4,303)</u>
Non-GAAP operating margin	12.8%	3.8%	6.0%	(2.6)%

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2023, we had \$205.8 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$3.5 million in short-term investments.

Our short-term liquidity needs primarily include working capital for sales and marketing, research and development, and continued innovation. Our long-term capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our growth rate, levels of revenue, the expansion of sales and marketing activities, market acceptance of our platform, the results of business initiatives, and the timing of new product introductions.

We also maintained a loan and security agreement with HSBC Venture Bank USA, Inc., (“*HSBC Venture*”) as lender, for a revolving line of credit of up to \$30.0 million with an accordion feature that provides up to \$20.0 million of additional borrowing capacity we were permitted to draw upon at our request. The line bore interest at a rate equal to SOFR plus 3.6%. The line carried an unused fee of 0.5%. We were required to maintain a specified adjusted quick ratio and a minimum annual recurring revenue tested by HSBC Venture each quarter. We had pledged, assigned and granted HSBC Venture a security interest in all shares of our subsidiaries, future proceeds and assets (except for excluded assets, including material intellectual property) as a security for the performance of the loan and security agreement obligations. The line matured on September 7, 2023.

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We currently maintain a loan and security agreement (the "*Loan Agreement*"), dated as of November 3, 2023, with HSBC Bank USA, National Association, ("*HSBC*") as lender, for a revolving line of credit of up to \$30.0 million with an accordion feature that provides up to \$20.0 million of additional borrowing capacity we may draw upon at our request. The line currently bears interest at a rate equal to term SOFR plus 3.00% to 3.25% depending on the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan Agreement). The line carries an unused fee ranging from .50% to .55% depending on the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio. The line will mature on November 3, 2026. We are required to maintain a minimum Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan Agreement) as well as a maximum Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio, tested by HSBC each quarter. We pledged, assigned, and granted HSBC a security interest in all shares of our subsidiaries, future proceeds and assets (except for excluded assets, including material intellectual property) as a security for the performance of the loan and security agreement obligations.

We believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments, our cash flows from operating activities, and our borrowing capacity under our credit facility with HSBC are sufficient to meet our working capital and capital expenditure needs for at least the next twelve months. In the future, we may attempt to raise additional capital through the sale of additional equity or debt financing. The sale of additional equity would be dilutive to our stockholders. Additional debt financing could result in increased debt service obligations and more restrictive financial and operational covenants.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth a summary of AvePoint's cash flows for the periods indicated.

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	
	2023	2022
	(in thousands)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 13,284	\$ (6,893)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,224)	(22,817)
Net cash used in financing activities	(29,809)	(17,760)

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$13.3 million, reflecting AvePoint's net loss of \$25.9 million, adjusted for non-cash items of \$43.9 million and net cash outflows of \$4.7 million from changes in its operating assets and liabilities. The primary drivers of non-cash items were stock-based compensation which reflects ongoing compensation and an increase in the mark to market value of earn-out and warranty liabilities. The drivers of changes in operating assets and liabilities are seasonal in nature. These drivers are related to a decrease in accounts receivable due primarily to timing of customer invoices and decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets primarily related to prepaid insurance, an increase in deferred revenue and a decrease in accrued expenses primarily due to accrued bonuses, commissions and VAT/sales tax payable.

Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$6.9 million, reflecting AvePoint's net loss of \$27.0 million, adjusted for non-cash items of \$32.3 million and net cash outflows of \$12.2 million from changes in its operating assets and liabilities. The primary drivers of non-cash items were stock-based compensation which reflects ongoing compensation partially offset by a decrease in the mark to market value of earn-out and warranty liabilities. The drivers of changes in operating assets and liabilities are seasonal in nature. These drivers are related to a decrease in accounts receivable due primarily to timing of customer invoices and decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets primarily related to prepaid insurance and offset by a decrease in accrued expenses primarily due to the payment of accrued bonuses and commissions.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$4.2 million. It primarily consisted of \$2.1 million of purchases of short-term investments, \$1.5 million of purchases of property and equipment, and \$1.0 million from the capitalization of internal use software, and partially offset by \$1.3 million in the maturity of short-term investments.

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$22.8 million. It primarily consisted of \$180.5 million of purchases of short-term investments, \$18.6 million as a result of acquisition activities, \$3.4 million of

purchases of property and equipment, and \$1.2 million capitalization of internal use software, partially offset by \$180.8 million in the maturity of short-term investments.

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Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$29.8 million. The primary driver of cash used in financing activities was \$33.6 million in repurchases of common stock under the previously announced Share Repurchase Program that authorizes us to repurchase up to \$150 million of our common shares (the "**Share Repurchase Program**"), partially offset by \$3.9 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$17.8 million. The primary driver of cash used in financing activities was \$19.6 million in repurchases of common stock under the Share Repurchase Program, partially offset by \$1.8 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

Indebtedness

Credit Facility

We maintained a line of credit under a loan and security agreement, as amended, (the "**Amended Loan Agreement**") with HSBC Venture, as the lender. See "*Note 7 - Line of Credit*" in Part I, Item 1 "*Financial Statements*" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The Amended Loan Agreement provided for a revolving line of credit of up to \$30.0 million and an additional \$20.0 million accordion feature for additional capital we were permitted to draw upon at our request. Borrowings under the line bore interest at a rate equal to SOFR plus 3.6%. The line carried an unused fee of 0.5% per year. Any proceeds of borrowings under the Amended Loan Agreement were used for general corporate purposes.

On a consolidated basis with our subsidiaries, we were required to maintain a specified adjusted quick ratio and minimum annual recurring revenue, tested by HSBC Venture each quarter. Pursuant to the Amended Loan Agreement, we pledged, assigned, and granted HSBC Venture a security interest in all shares of our subsidiaries, future proceeds, and certain assets as security for our obligations under the Loan Agreement. Our line of credit under the Amended Loan Agreement matured on September 7, 2023.

Prior to this maturity, we were in compliance with all covenants under the Amended Loan Agreement. We did not at any time borrow under the Amended Loan Agreement. The description of the Amended Loan Agreement is qualified in its entirety by the full text of the form of such agreement, a copy of which is attached as an exhibit to our Annual Report.

On November 3, 2023, we entered into the Loan Agreement with HSBC, as the lender. See "*Note 7 - Line of Credit*" in Part I, Item 1 "*Financial Statements*" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The Loan Agreement provides for a revolving line of credit of up to \$30.0 million and an additional \$20.0 million accordion feature for additional capital we may draw upon at our request. Borrowings under the line currently bear interest at a rate equal to term SOFR plus 3.00% to 3.25% depending on the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan Agreement). The line carries an unused fee ranging from .50% to .55% depending on the Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio. Any proceeds of borrowings under the Loan Agreement will be used for general corporate purposes.

On a consolidated basis with our subsidiaries, we are required to maintain a minimum Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio as well as a maximum Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio, tested by HSBC each quarter. Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, we pledged, assigned, and granted HSBC a security interest in all shares of our subsidiaries, future proceeds, and certain assets as security for our obligations under the Loan Agreement. Our line of credit under the Loan Agreement will mature on November 3, 2026.

To date, we are in compliance with all covenants under the Loan Agreement. We have not at any time borrowed under the Loan Agreement. The description of the Loan Agreement is qualified in its entirety by the full text of the form of such agreement, a copy of which is attached as an exhibit to this Quarterly Report.

Leasing Activities

We are obligated under various non-cancelable operating leases for office space. The initial terms of the leases expire on various dates through 2030. As of September 30, 2023, the commitments related to these operating leases is \$17.1 million, of which \$6.1 million is due in the next twelve months.

Operating Segment Information

We operate in one segment. Our products and services are sold throughout the world, through direct and indirect sales channels. Our chief operating decision maker (the “**CODM**”) is our Chief Executive Officer. The CODM makes operating performance assessment and resource allocation decisions on a global basis. The CODM does not receive discrete financial information about asset allocation, expense allocation, or profitability by product or geography. See the section titled “*Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements*” (Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report) under the sub-heading “*Note 15 – Segment Information*” for more information.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We also make estimates and assumptions on the reported revenue generated and reported expenses incurred during the reporting periods. Our estimates are based on our historical experience and on various other factors that our management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. The results of these estimates form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

While our significant accounting policies are described in more detail in the section titled “*Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements*” (Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report), we believe the following critical accounting policies and estimates are most important to understanding and evaluating our reported financial results.

Revenue Recognition

We derive revenue from four primary sources: SaaS, term license and support, services, and maintenance. Many of our contracts with customers include multiple performance obligations. Judgement is required in determining whether each performance obligation is distinct. Our products and services generally do not require a significant amount of integration or interdependency; therefore, our products and services are generally not combined. We allocate the transaction price for each contract to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling price (“**SSP**”) for each performance obligation within each contract.

We use judgment in determining the SSP for products and services. For substantially all performance obligations except term licenses, we are able to establish the SSP based on the observable prices of products or services sold separately in comparable circumstances to similar customers. We typically establish an SSP range for our products and services which is reassessed on a periodic basis or when facts and circumstances change. Term licenses are sold only as a bundled arrangement that includes the rights to a term license and support. In determining the SSP of license and support in a term license arrangement we applied observable inputs using the value relationship between support and term license, the value relationship between support and perpetual licenses, the average economic life of our products, software renewal rates and the price of the bundled arrangement in relation to the perpetual licensing approach. Using a combination of the relative fair value method or the residual value method the SSP of the performance obligations in an arrangement was allocated to each performance obligation within a sales arrangement.

Company Earn-Out Shares

In evaluation of the Company Earn-Out Shares and Company Earn-Out RSUs, management determined that the Company Earn-Out Shares represent derivatives to be marked to market at each reporting period, while the Company Earn-Out RSUs represent equity under ASC 718. Refer to “*Note 13 — Stock-Based Compensation*” for more information regarding the Company Earn-Out RSUs.

In order to capture the market conditions associated with the Company Earn-Out Shares, the Company applied an approach that incorporated a Monte Carlo simulation, which involved random iterations that took different future price paths over the Sponsor Earn-Out Shares’ contractual life based on the appropriate probability distributions. The fair value was determined by taking the average of the fair values under each Monte Carlo simulation trial. The Monte Carlo model requires highly subjective assumptions including the expected volatility of the price of our common stock, and the expected term of the earn-out shares.

Economic Conditions, Challenges, and Risks

The markets for software and cloud-based services are dynamic and highly competitive. Our competitors are developing new software while also deploying competing cloud-based services for consumers and businesses. Customer preferences evolve rapidly, and choices in hardware, products, and devices can and do influence how users access services in the cloud, and in some cases, the user's choice of which suite of cloud-based services to use. We must continue to evolve and adapt over an extended time in pace with this changing environment. The investments we are making in infrastructure, research and development, marketing, and geographic expansion will continue to increase our operating costs and may decrease our operating margins.

Our success is highly dependent on our ability to attract and retain qualified employees. We hire a mix of university and industry talent worldwide. We compete for talented individuals globally by offering an exceptional working environment, broad customer reach, scale in resources, the ability to grow one's career across many different products and businesses, and competitive compensation and benefits.

Aggregate demand for our software, services, and devices is correlated to global macroeconomic and geopolitical factors, which remain dynamic. By way of example, Russia's ongoing military action against Ukraine has created general macroeconomic uncertainty. While we have only limited and largely immaterial economic, financial, and operational exposure to Russia or Belarus (or any individuals and entities connected to Russian or Belarusian political, business, and financial organizations), we are nevertheless monitoring the developments as they unfold in order to react accordingly. The impact of the conflict on our operational and financial performance may depend on future developments that cannot be predicted; we do not, however, believe the impacts to be material at this time.

Our international operations provide a significant portion of our total revenue and expenses. Many of these revenue and expenses are denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. As a result, changes in foreign exchange rates may significantly affect revenue and expenses. Due to the global nature of the Company, we do have a natural hedge against material changes in foreign exchange rates. Refer to the section titled "*Risk Factors*" (Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report) for a discussion of these factors and other risks.

Seasonality

Our quarterly revenue fluctuates and does not necessarily grow sequentially when measuring any one fiscal quarter's revenue with another (e.g. comparing the fourth fiscal quarter of fiscal year 2022 with the first fiscal quarter of fiscal year 2023). Historically, our third and fourth quarters have been our highest revenue quarters, however those results are not necessarily indicative of future quarterly revenue or full year results. Higher third and fourth quarter revenue is driven primarily by increased sales resulting from our customers' fiscal year ends. Additionally, new product and service introductions (including the timing of those introductions) can significantly impact revenue. Revenue can also be affected when customers anticipate a product introduction. Our operating expenses have generally increased sequentially due to increases in personnel in connection with the expansion of our business.

Emerging Growth Company Accounting Election

Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can choose not to take advantage of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies, and any such election to not take advantage of the extended transition period is irrevocable. The Company is currently an "emerging growth company" as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act.

Because the market value of our common stock held by non-affiliates exceeded \$700.0 million as of June 30, 2023, we will meet the conditions to be deemed a "large-accelerated filer" as of December 31, 2023, and will, consequently, no longer be an emerging growth company as of that date. We will be subject to the regulations applicable to all large-accelerated filers as of December 31, 2023.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

For information about recent accounting pronouncements, see “*Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*” in Part I, Item 1 “*Financial Statements*” of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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Item 3

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS

We are exposed to potential economic risk from interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and concentration of credit. We have considered changes in our exposure to market risks during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and have determined that there have been no material changes to our exposure to market risks from those described in our Annual Report. However, we have provided the following information to supplement or update our disclosures in our Annual Report.

Interest Rate Risk

We had cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, and short-term deposits of \$209.3 million as of September 30, 2023. We hold cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, and short-term deposits for working capital purposes. Our cash and cash equivalents are held in cash deposits and money market funds. Due to the short-term nature of these instruments, we believe that it does not have any material exposure to changes in its fair value due to changes in interest rates. Declines in interest rates, however, would reduce our future interest income. The effect of a hypothetical 10% change in interest rates would not have a material negative impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements. To the extent we enter into other long-term debt arrangements in the future, we would be subject to fluctuations in interest rates which could have a material impact on our future financial condition and results of operation.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

Fluctuations in foreign currencies impact the amount of total assets and liabilities that we report for our foreign subsidiaries upon the translation of these amounts into U.S. Dollars. In particular, the amount of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities that we report in U.S. Dollars for a significant portion of the cash held by these subsidiaries is subject to translation variance caused by changes in foreign currency exchange rates as of the end of each respective reporting period, the offset to which is substantially recorded to accumulated other comprehensive income on our condensed consolidated balance sheets and is also presented as a line item in its condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Concentration of Credit Risk

We deposit our cash with financial institutions, and, at times, such balances may exceed federally insured limits.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain “disclosure controls and procedures,” as defined in Rule 13a–15(e) and Rule 15d–15(e) under the Exchange Act, that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (in his capacity as principal executive officer) and our Chief Financial Officer (in his capacity as principal financial and accounting officer), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e)) under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of December 31, 2022 or during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 due to the material weaknesses described below. Notwithstanding such material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting, our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer have concluded that our audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report present fairly, in all material respects, our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Material Weaknesses in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of a company’s annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Because the control deficiencies described below could have resulted in a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements, we determined that these deficiencies constitute material weaknesses. Based upon the evaluation described above, our management identified the following material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting in fiscal year 2020 which continued to exist during the nine months ended September 30, 2023:

- the completeness and accuracy of financial accounting, reporting and disclosures;
- the identification, review and accounting for nonroutine transactions and/or complex accounting transactions; and
- segregation of duties with respect to the processing of financial transactions.

Remediation of Material Weaknesses

Our management has been and continues to be committed to remediating these material weaknesses and has identified and implemented several steps to enhance our internal controls over financial reporting. We have implemented a remediation plan (the “**Remediation Plan**”), the actions under which coincide with and are incorporated into our overarching Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 compliance implementation plan. The Remediation Plan actions include, but are not limited to:

- the hiring of personnel with technical accounting and financial reporting experience to further enhance our ability to accurately and expediently respond to increased accounting and financial complexities and increased resource demand with respect thereto, and to aid in further identification and oversight with respect to disclosure control activities in response;
- the engagement of external consultants in the assistance of the evaluation of complex accounting matters;
- the establishment of formalized internal controls to review and maintain segregation of duties between appropriate control operators; and
- the implementation of improved accounting and financial reporting procedures to enhance the completeness and accuracy of our financial accounting, reporting, and disclosures.

We have implemented documented policies and procedures for, and are in the process of testing the implementation and operating effectiveness of, the newly designed controls. The material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting will not be considered remediated until the newly designed controls operate for a sufficient period of time. In addition, we may discover

additional material weaknesses that require additional time and resources to remediate and we may decide to take additional measures to address the material weaknesses or modify the remediation steps described above.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Other than the Remediation Plan discussed above and the ongoing implementation of measures under the Remediation Plan designed to accurately maintain our financial records, enhance the flow of financial information, improve data management, and provide timely information to our management team, there have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in any control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Part II
Items 1 and 1A

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the normal course of our business, we may be involved in various claims, negotiations, and legal actions. Except for such claims that arise in the normal course of business, as of and for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2023, we are not a party to any material asserted, ongoing, threatened, or pending claims, suits, assessments, proceedings, or other litigation for which a material claim is reasonably possible, probable, or estimable.

Refer to the information under the section titled “*Risk Factors*” of our Annual Report (Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report) for information regarding the potential legal and regulatory risks (including potential legal proceedings and litigation) in which we may become involved.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our operations and financial results are subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those described in Part I, Item 1A, “*Risk Factors*” in our Annual Report, which risks and uncertainties could affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and the trading price of our common stock. There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report. We urge you to read the risk factors in our Annual Report.

Part II
Items 2, 3, 4, and 5

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES, USE OF PROCEEDS, AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

During the quarter ended September 30, 2023, we did not issue any shares of our common stock or any other equity securities without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

On March 17, 2022, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized the Share Repurchase Program for us to buy back shares of our common stock. Under the Share Repurchase Program, we have the authority to buy up to a maximum of \$150 million of our common stock shares via acquisitions in the open market or privately negotiated transactions. The Share Repurchase Program will remain open for a period of three years from the date of authorization. Purchases made pursuant to the Share Repurchase Program may be conducted in compliance with Exchange Act Rule 10b-18 and/or Exchange Act Rule 10b5-1. Purchases made pursuant to the Share Repurchase Program will be conducted in compliance with all applicable legal, regulatory, and internal policy requirements, including our Insider Trading Policy. We are not obligated to make purchases of, nor are we obligated to acquire any particular amount of, our common stock under the Share Repurchase Program. The Share Repurchase Program may be suspended or discontinued at any time.

The following table presents information with respect to common stock shares repurchased under the Share Repurchase Program during the three months ended September 30, 2023:

Period	Total number of shares purchased(1)	Average price paid per share(2)	Total number of shares purchased as part of the Share Repurchase Program	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the Share Repurchase Program(3)
July 1, 2023 - July 31, 2023	910,664	\$5.9060	910,664	\$107,690,679
August 1, 2023 - August 31, 2023	941,333	\$6.2804	941,333	\$101,778,712
September 1, 2023 - September 30, 2023	795,608	\$6.7247	795,608	\$96,428,449

(1) All shares reported herein were purchased pursuant to the publicly announced Share Repurchase Program.

(2) Average price paid per share includes costs associated with the repurchases and excludes the 1% excise tax on stock repurchases enacted by the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022.

(3) The maximum remaining dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the Share Repurchase Program is reduced by the aggregate price paid for share purchases in addition to any fees, commissions, or other costs that may arise as a result of the purchase.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

During the quarter ended September 30, 2023, no director or officer of the Company adopted or terminated a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” or “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement,” as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

Part II
Item 6

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as part of, furnished with, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, in each case as indicated therein.

Exhibit Index

Exhibit Number	Description	Incorporated by Reference				
		Schedule/ Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed Herewith
10.1	Loan and Security Agreement, dated November 3, 2023, by and between AvePoint, Inc. and HSBC Bank USA, National Association	Form 8-K	001-39048	10.1	November 6, 2023	
10.2	Pledge Agreement, dated November 3, 2023, by and between AvePoint, Inc. and HSBC Bank USA, National Association	Form 8-K	001-39048	10.2	November 6, 2023	
10.3	Revolving Note, dated November 3, 2023, by and between AvePoint, Inc. and HSBC Bank USA, National Association	Form 8-K	001-39048	10.3	November 6, 2023	
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15(d)-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15(d)-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.					X
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.					X
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.					X
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.					X
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document.					X
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.					X
104.1	Cover Page Interactive Data File (Embedded within the Inline XBRL document and included in Exhibit 101).					X

** Furnished herewith. Any exhibit furnished herewith (including the certifications furnished in Exhibit 32.1 and Exhibit 32.2 hereto) are deemed to accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and will not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that the Registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AVEPOINT, INC.

Date: November 9, 2023

/s/ Tianyi Jiang

Name: Tianyi Jiang

Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 9, 2023

/s/ James Caci

Name: James Caci

Title: Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)